

Spatial remodeling of the immune tumor microenvironment after radiotherapy and CXCL12 inhibition in glioblastoma in the phase 1/2 GLORIA trial

Abstract #6407

Julian P. Layer, MD

University Hospital Bonn, Germany
October 21, 2023



DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

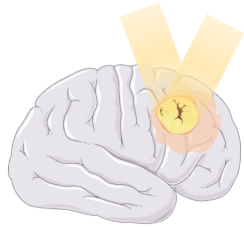
Julian P. Layer

Stocks: TME Pharma AG, Siemens Healthineers AG, Bayer AG, BioNTech AG

Travel expenses: TME Pharma AG, Carl Zeiss Meditec AG

Honoraria: Siemens Healthineers AG

Phase I/II GLORIA trial



Radiotherapy

Hypoxia

CXCL12 ↑

Vasculo-
genesis Immunosup-
 pressive TME

Tumor recurrence

Inclusion criteria

- Newly-diagnosed supratentorial GBM (WHO CNS grade 4)
- MGMT promoter unmethylated
- Incomplete resection/biopsy only
- ECOG ≤ 2

RT

60 Gy (2 Gy x 30)
40.05 Gy (2.07 Gy x 15)

+

NOX-A12

Continuous i.v. infusion at three DLs (200, 400, 600 mg/week)

Follow-up

Week 1

Week 6

Week 26*

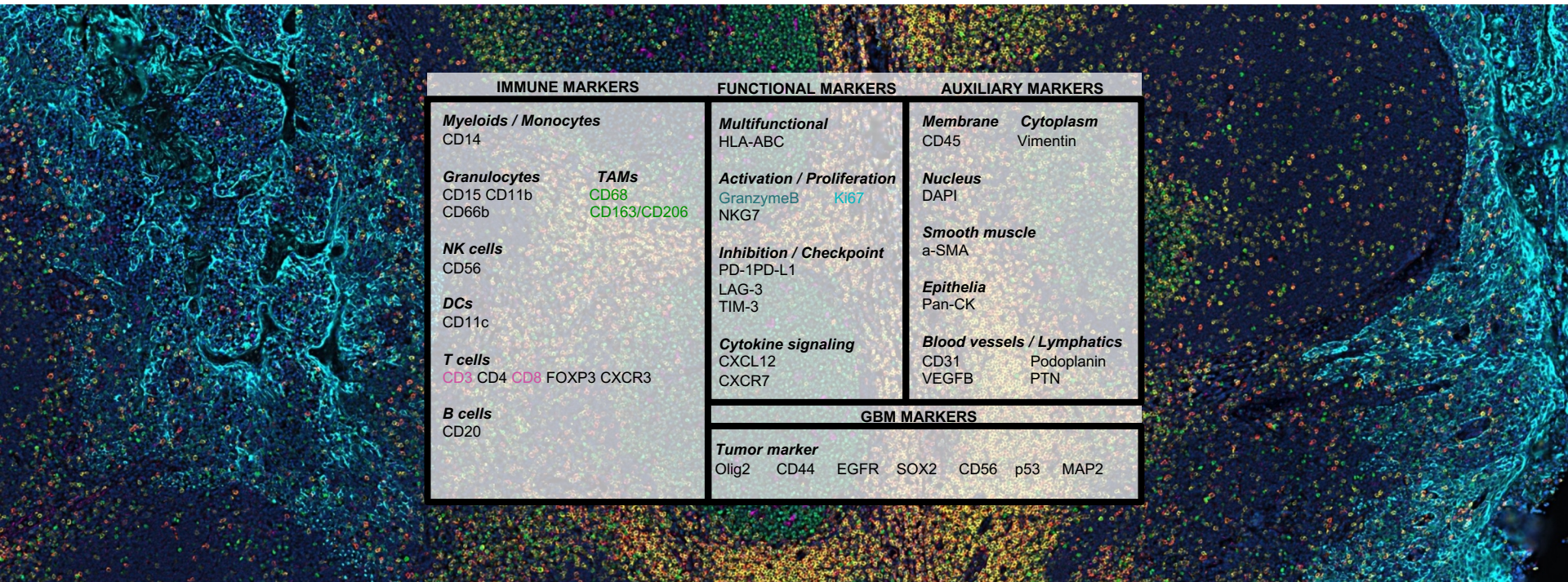
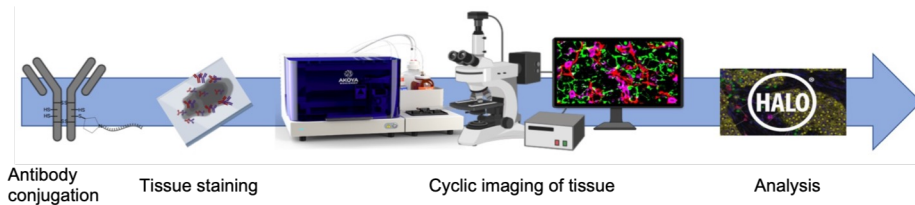
Safety monitoring
Advanced MRI (incl. perfusion/diffusion)

2/10 patients undergoing re-surgery
C1-001: Pseudo-PD (week 13)
C3-001: PD (week 31)

Exploratory endpoint: mIF



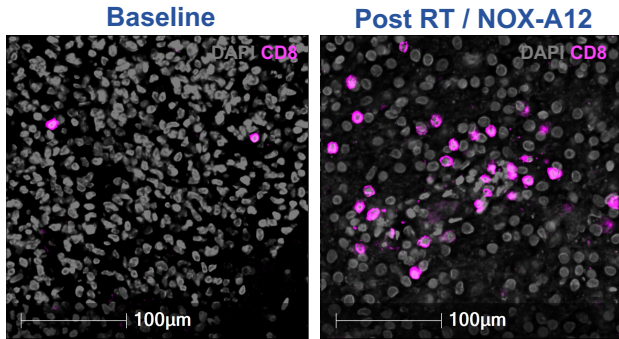
Multiplex IF panel



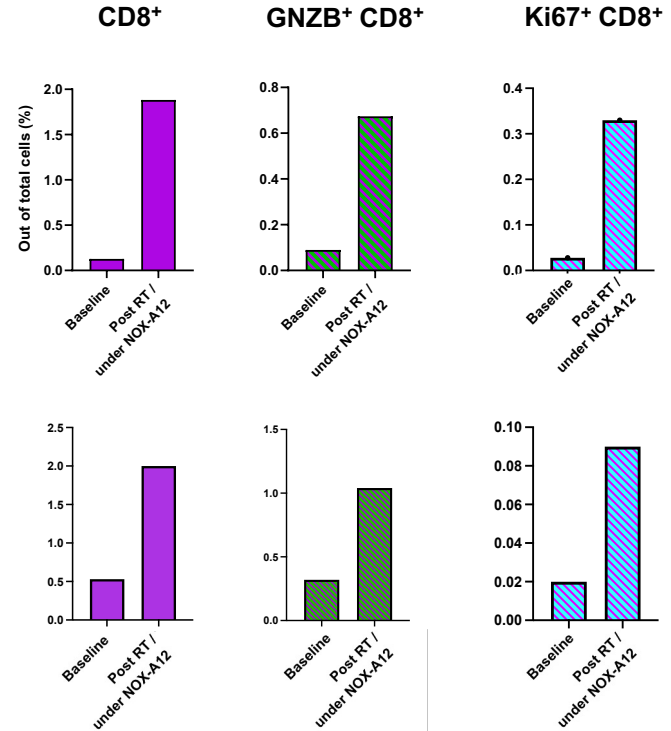
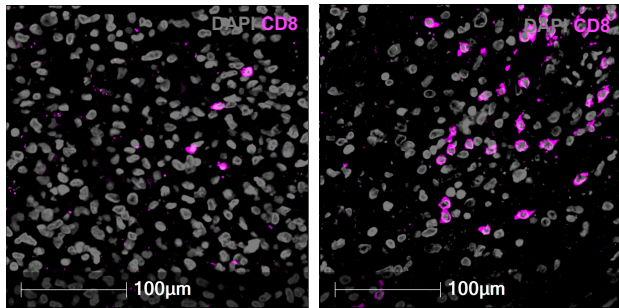
IMMUNE MARKERS	FUNCTIONAL MARKERS	AUXILIARY MARKERS
Myeloids / Monocytes CD14	Multifunctional HLA-ABC	Membrane Cytoplasm CD45 Vimentin
Granulocytes TAMs CD15 CD11b CD68 CD66b CD163/CD206	Activation / Proliferation GranzymeB Ki67 NKG7	Nucleus DAPI
NK cells CD56	Inhibition / Checkpoint PD-1PD-L1 LAG-3 TIM-3	Smooth muscle a-SMA
DCs CD11c	Cytokine signaling CXCL12 CXCR7	Epithelia Pan-CK
T cells CD3 CD4 CD8 FOXP3 CXCR3	GBM MARKERS	
B cells CD20	Tumor marker Olig2 CD44 EGFR SOX2 CD56 p53 MAP2	

T cell infiltration following RT+NOX-A12

GLORIA
C1-001
Pseudo-PD



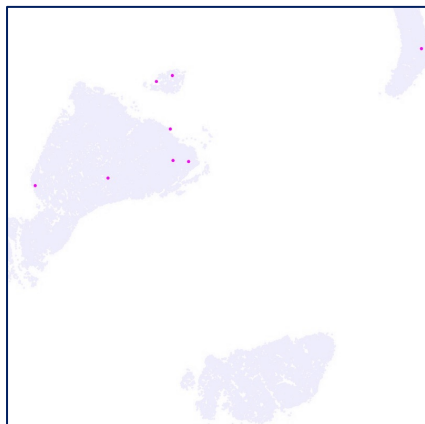
GLORIA
C3-001
PD



De novo CD8⁺ T cell clustering

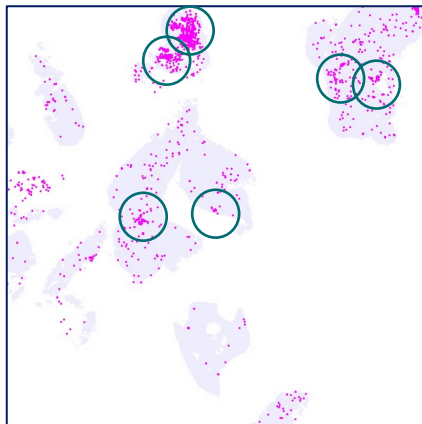
C1-001 (Pseudo-PD)

Baseline



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Tumor cells

Post RT / Under NOX-A12



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Tumor cells

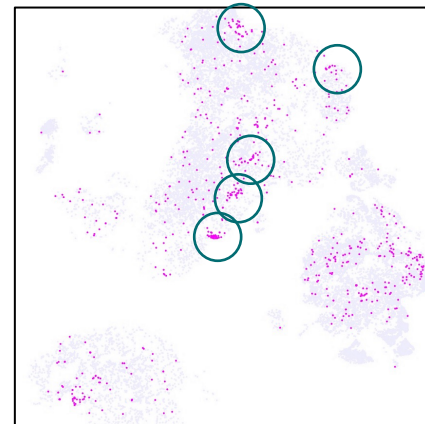
C3-001 (PD)

Baseline



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Tumor cells

Post RT / NOX-A12



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Tumor cells

Intralesional clustering of proliferating/activated CD8⁺ T cells following RT+NOX-A12 in both re-resection samples

No CD8⁺ T cell clustering under SOC

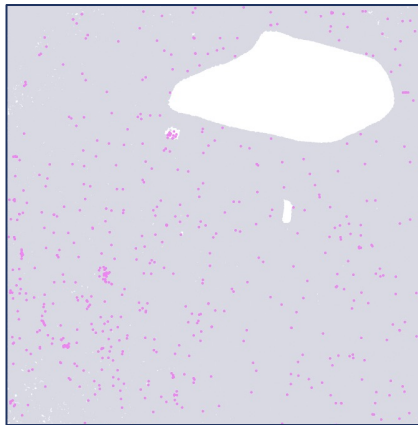
SOC #21

Baseline



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Tumor cells

Post RT / Under SOC



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Tumor cells

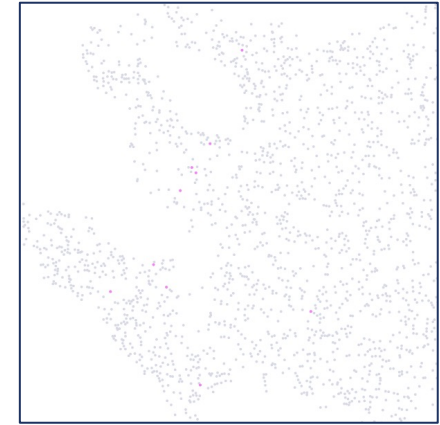
SOC #34

Baseline



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Tumor cells

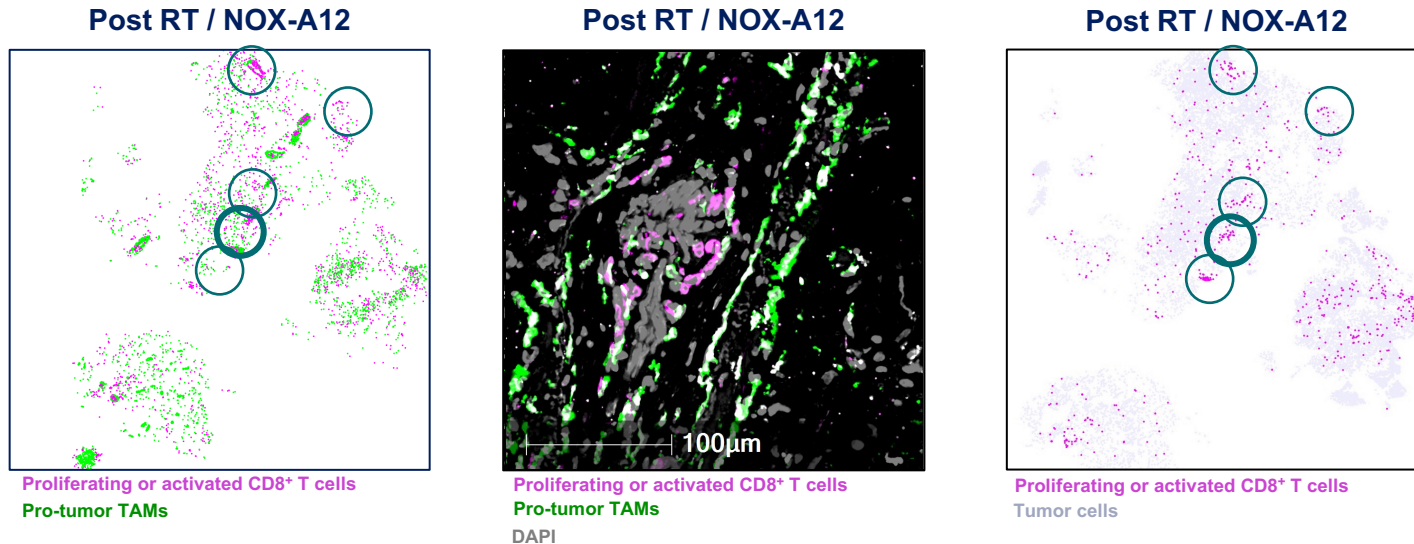
Post RT / Under SOC



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Tumor cells

Rearrangement of TAMs

C3-001 (PD)

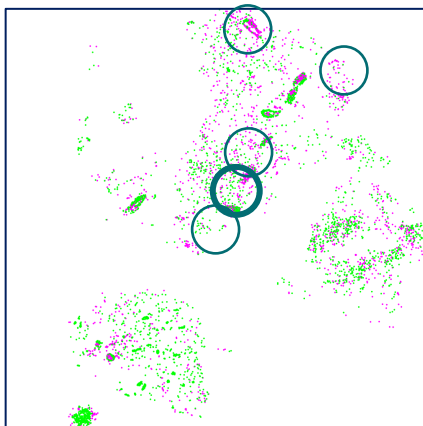


Encapsulation of perivascular CD8⁺ T cell clusters by M2-like TAMs following RT+NOX-A12 in PD sample

Rearrangement of TAMs

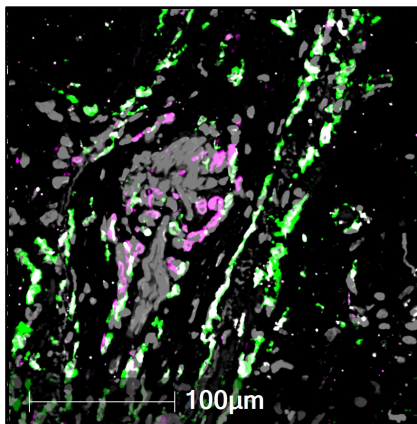
C3-001 (PD)

Post RT / NOX-A12



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Pro-tumor TAMs

Post RT / NOX-A12



Proliferating or activated CD8⁺ T cells
Pro-tumor TAMs
DAPI

Encapsulation of perivascular CD8⁺ T cell clusters by M2-like TAMs following RT+NOX-A12 in PD sample

Conclusions

- T cell infiltration following RT + CXCL12 inhibition
- *De novo* T cell clustering
- Spatial rearrangement of TME as possible counter mechanism

Thank you very much for your attention.

Sonia Leonardelli
Frank Giordano

Lea Friker
Michael Hoelzel

Roberta Turiello
Gemma v. d. Voort
Dillon Corvino
Christina Schaub
Wolf Mueller
Elena Sperk
Christopher Schmeel
Katharina Sahn

Sied Kebir
Peter Hamsch
Torsten Pietsch
Kevin Thurley
Martin Glas
Clemens Seidel
Ulrich Herrlinger

European Society for Medical Oncology (ESMO)
Via Ginevra 4, CH-6900 Lugano
T. +41 (0)91 973 19 00
esmo@esmo.org

esmo.org

